Social, Emotional & Mental Health

Possible indicators

Eating Disorders

Anxiety

Depression

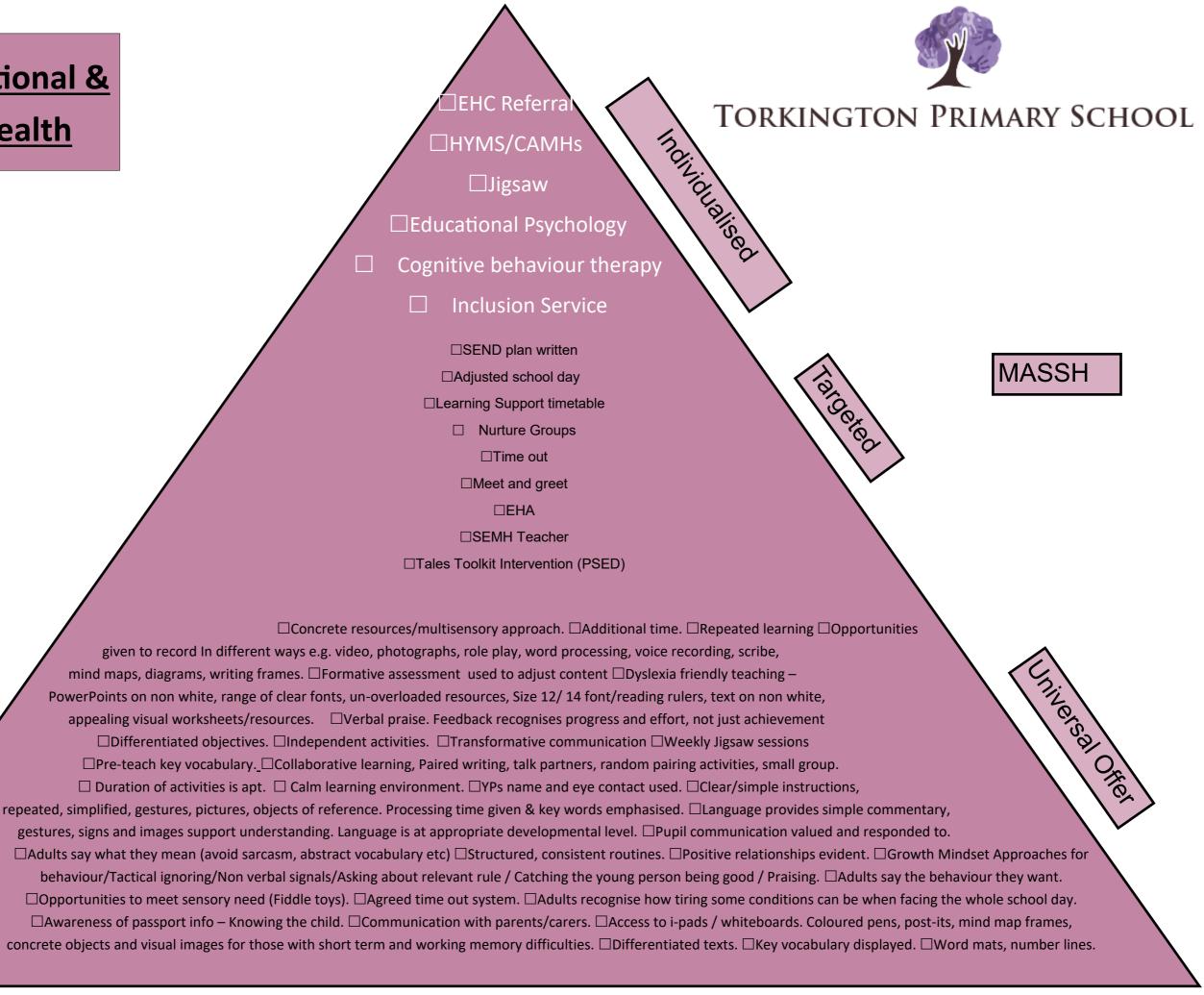
Attachment

PTSD

ADHD

Tourette's/Tics

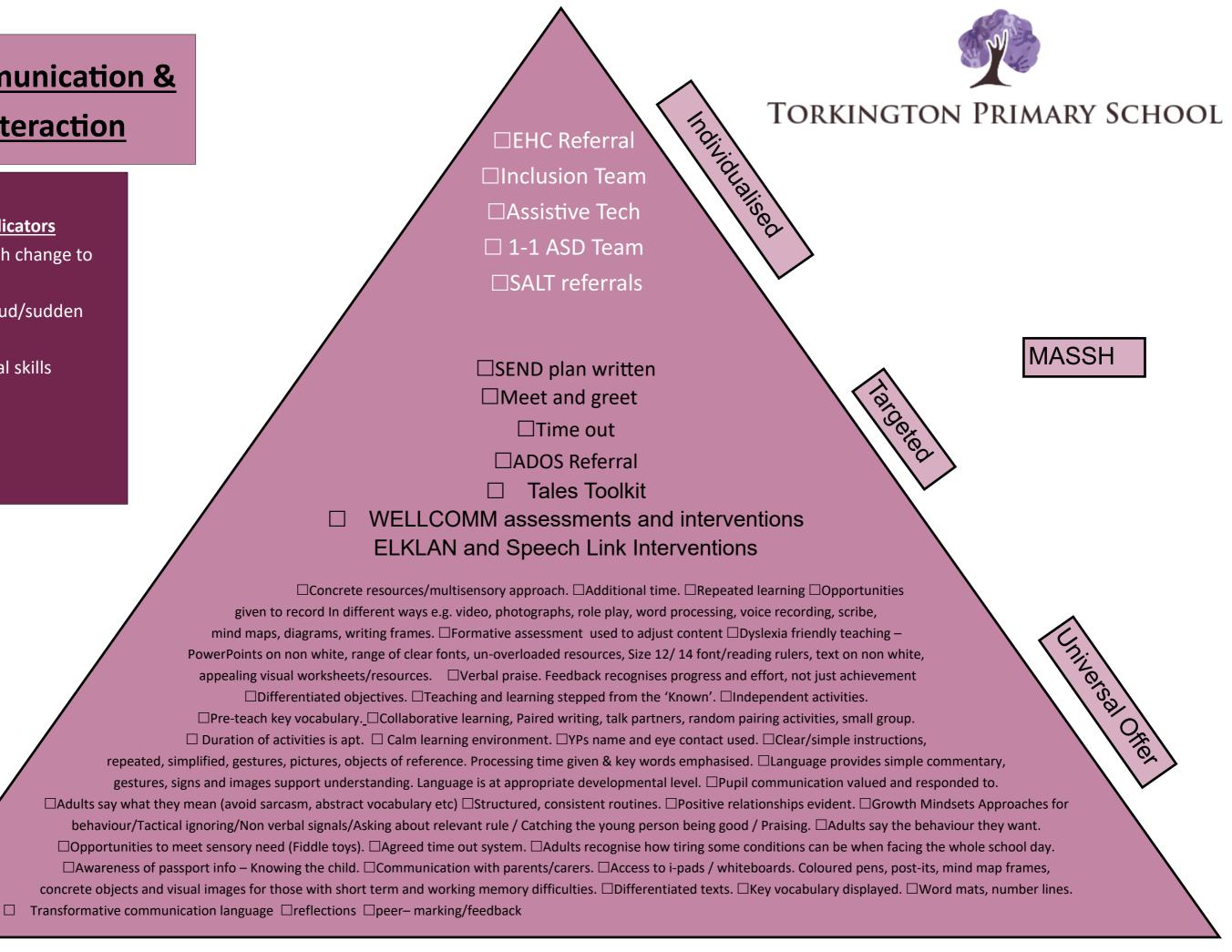
Bereavement



Communication & Interaction

Possible indicators

Struggle with change to routine Reacts to loud/sudden noise Lack of social skills Eve contact



Cognition & Learning TORKINGTON PRIMARY SCHOOL □Laptop/i-pad. \Box 1-1 LSS support. **Possible indicators** □1-1 tutoring Significantly behind peers Requires constant overlearning □ Numeracy Intervention Failing to make progress despite MASSH □ Literacy Intervention intervention □Cognition and learning Difficulty retaining information ☐SEND Plan written □ Phonics intervention □Concrete resources/multisensory approach. □Additional time. □Repeated learning □Opportunities given to record In different ways e.g. video, photographs, role play, word processing, voice recording, scribe, mind maps, diagrams, writing frames. \square Formative assessment used to adjust content \square Dyslexia friendly teaching – PowerPoints on non white, range of clear fonts, un-overloaded resources, Size 12/14 font/reading rulers, text on non white, appealing visual worksheets/resources. Uverbal praise. Feedback recognises progress and effort, not just achievement □ Differentiated objectives. □ Teaching and learning stepped from the 'Known'. □ Independent activities. □Pre-teach key vocabulary. □Collaborative learning, Paired writing, talk partners, random pairing activities, small group. \square Duration of activities is apt. \square Calm learning environment. \square YPs name and eye contact used. \square Clear/simple instructions, repeated, simplified, gestures, pictures, objects of reference. Processing time given & key words emphasised. \Box Language provides simple commentary, gestures, signs and images support understanding. Language is at appropriate developmental level. Pupil communication valued and responded to. □Adults say what they mean (avoid sarcasm, abstract vocabulary etc) □Structured, consistent routines. □Positive relationships evident. □Growth Mindset Approaches for behaviour/Tactical ignoring/Non verbal signals/Asking about relevant rule / Catching the young person being good / Praising. Adults say the behaviour they want. □Opportunities to meet sensory need (Fiddle toys). □Agreed time out system. □Adults recognise how tiring some conditions can be when facing the whole school day. □Awareness of passport info – Knowing the child. □Communication with parents/carers. □Access to i-pads / whiteboards. Coloured pens, post-its, mind map frames, concrete objects and visual images for those with short term and working memory difficulties. \square Differentiated texts. \square Key vocabulary displayed. \square Word mats, number lines. □Outdoor learning □Active maths and English □pre teach □Child Led learning walls □1:1 readers □Adult modelling □WAGOLLS

Sensory & Physical

Possible indicators

Fine and/or gross motor difficulties Difficulty in the classroom environment Constant movement or fidgeting

TORKINGTON PRIMARY SCHOOL \square OT referrals. □Coloured paper. □Laptop/i-pad (individual). ☐ Sensory support referral MASSH Wobble cushion/Chair bands Movement breaks Sensory Support Service referral ADHD referral SEND plan written Motor Skills United(2 terms of evidence)

☐ Fine and gross motor interventions Fiddle Toys □Concrete resources/multisensory approach. □Additional time. □Repeated learning □Opportunities given to record In different ways e.g. video, photographs, role play, word processing, voice recording, scribe, mind maps, diagrams, writing frames. \square Formative assessment used to adjust content \square Dyslexia friendly teaching – PowerPoints on non white, range of clear fonts, un-overloaded resources, Size 12/14 font/reading rulers, text on non white, appealing visual worksheets/resources. Uverbal praise. Feedback recognises progress and effort, not just achievement □ Differentiated objectives. □ Teaching and learning stepped from the 'Known'. □ Independent activities. □Pre-teach key vocabulary. □Collaborative learning, Paired writing, talk partners, random pairing activities, small group. \square Duration of activities is apt. \square Calm learning environment. \square YPs name and eye contact used. \square Clear/simple instructions, repeated, simplified, gestures, pictures, objects of reference. Processing time given & key words emphasised. \Box Language provides simple commentary, gestures, signs and images support understanding. Language is at appropriate developmental level.

Pupil communication valued and responded to. □Adults say what they mean (avoid sarcasm, abstract vocabulary etc) □Structured, consistent routines. □Positive relationships evident. □Growth Mindset Approaches for behaviour/Tactical ignoring/Non verbal signals/Asking about relevant rule / Catching the young person being good / Praising.

Adults say the behaviour they want. □Opportunities to meet sensory need (Fiddle toys). □Agreed time out system. □Adults recognise how tiring some conditions can be when facing the whole school day. □Awareness of passport info – Knowing the child. □Communication with parents/carers. □Access to i-pads / whiteboards. Coloured pens, post-its, mind map frames, concrete objects and visual images for those with short term and working memory difficulties. Differentiated texts. Key vocabulary displayed. Word mats, number lines. □ Active Maths and English □ Gymnastics □ Music □ Extra curricular clubs